Case 4:10-cv-00928-A Document 1 Filed 12/07/10 Page 1 of 12 PageID 1

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS: 28 USC §2241 (Rev. 10/10) ADOPTED BY THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

RESPONDENT

(Name of TDCJ Director, Warden, Jailor, or

authorized person having custody of Petitioner)

FILED
OUS. DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DIST. OF TX.
FT. WORTH DIVISION

2010 DEC -7 PM 12: 51

CLERK OF COURT

(Supplied by the District Court Clerk)

### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

#### FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

#### FT. WORTH DIVISION

# PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2241

Martha Bell
PETITIONER
(Full name of Petitioner)

vs.

08236-068

PRISONER ID NUMBER

Joseph Keffer,
Warden, FMC Carswell

#### **INSTRUCTIONS - READ CAREFULLY**

- 1. The petition must be legibly handwritten or typewritten, and signed and dated by the Petitioner, under penalty of perjury. Any false statement of an important fact may lead to prosecution for perjury. Answer all questions in the proper space on the form.
- 2. Additional pages are not allowed except that ONE separate additional page is permitted in answering question 10.
- 3. Receipt of the \$5.00 filing fee or a grant of permission to proceed *in forma pauperis* must occur before the court will consider your petition.
- 4. If you do not have the necessary filing fee, you may ask permission to proceed *in forma pauperis*. To proceed *in forma pauperis*, (1) you must sign the declaration provided with this petition to show

that you cannot prepay the fees and costs, and (2) if you are confined in TDCJ-CID, you must send in a certified *In Forma Pauperis* Data Sheet form from the institution in which you are confined. If you are in an institution other than TDCJ-CID, you must send in a certificate completed by an authorized officer at your institution certifying the amount of money you have on deposit at that institution. If you have access or have had access to enough funds to pay the filing fee, then you must pay the filing fee.

- 5. Only one sentence, conviction, disciplinary proceeding, or parole matter may be challenged in a single petition. If you challenge more than one, you must do so by separate petition(s).
- 6. Mail the completed petition and one copy to the U. S. District Clerk. The "Venue List" in your unit law library lists all of the federal courts in Texas, their divisions, and the addresses for the clerk's offices.
- 7. It is your responsibility to immediately notify the court in writing of any change of address. Failure to notify the court of your change of address could result in the dismissal of your case.

#### **PETITION**

PLEASE COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING: (check the appropriate number)

1		concerns:
۲٠ _		pretrial detention;
2	✓	a conviction;
3		a sentence;
4		jail or prison conditions;
5		a prison disciplinary proceeding;
6		parole or mandatory supervision;
		other (specify):
		ursued to completion all relevant state and/or prison administrative remedies
e result a nedies	and the 1	mplaint(s) before filing this petition.   Yes No If yes, what was the date of result of any such proceeding. If no, explain why you have not pursued all such have no state or prison remedies to pursue on my ted in this petition.

charged o	offense with which you have been charged and whether you have been convict offense(s) or whether you are still awaiting trial: <a href="https://example.com/health.care">health.care</a> fraud (Ct. 1) and ements	l false
relating to	o health care matters.(Cts.2-11) Convicted cts 1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9,11. Not guilty co	ts. 7,10
	d location of court in which your case is pending or in which you were convicted in the United States District Court, Western District of Pennsylvania	ed:
	inal docket or case number and the offense(s) for which you have been charge d: 04-cr-212-1. 18USC 1347 and 2 (Ct. 1), 18 USC 1035(a)(2) & 2 (Cts 2-6,8,	
•	ve been convicted of the charged offense(s), the date upon which sentence was	impo
and the 16	ength of the sentence: 10/27/2006; Sixty months' imprisonment, 3 years' supe	rvised
		rvised
	ength of the sentence: 10/27/2006; Sixty months' imprisonment, 3 years' super 550,000.00 fine, \$900.00 special assessment.	rvised
<u>release, \$</u>	550,000.00 fine, \$900.00 special assessment.	rvised
release, \$		rvised
release, \$	hether a finding of guilty was made:	ervised
release, \$ Check wl	hether a finding of guilty was made:  after a plea of guilty	rvised
release, \$ Check wl	hether a finding of guilty was made:  after a plea of guilty  after a plea of not guilty	rvised
release, \$ Check where the che	hether a finding of guilty was made:  after a plea of guilty  after a plea of not guilty	ervised
release, \$ Check where the che	hether a finding of guilty was made:  after a plea of guilty  after a plea of not guilty  after a plea of nolo contendere  ere found guilty, check whether that finding was made by:	rvised
release, \$ Check wl a. b. c. If you we	hether a finding of guilty was made:  after a plea of guilty  after a plea of not guilty  after a plea of nolo contendere  ere found guilty, check whether that finding was made by:  a jury	ervised
release, \$ Check wl a. b. c. If you we a. b.	hether a finding of guilty was made:  after a plea of guilty  after a plea of not guilty  after a plea of nolo contendere  ere found guilty, check whether that finding was made by:  a jury  a judge without a jury	ervised
release, \$ Check wl a. b. c. If you we a. b.	hether a finding of guilty was made:  after a plea of guilty  after a plea of not guilty  after a plea of nolo contendere  ere found guilty, check whether that finding was made by:  a jury	ervised

9.	If you did appeal, give the following information for each appeal:
	a. (1) Name of court and docket or case number: United States Court of Appeals for Third Circuit. 28 Fed. Appx. 184 (3d Cir
	2008), 06-4648
	(2) Result and date of result: conviction and sentence affirmed
	(3) Grounds raised (list each):
	(a) Insufficient evidence as to counts one and three
	(b) failure of the government to establish a scheme or artifice to defraud
	(c) evidence established no more than a violation of "general
	administrative regulations".
	(d) violation of Brady when government seized and then withheld
	correpondence with Senatory Santorum & suppressed prior statements
	b. (1) Name of court and docket or case number: <u>United States Supreme Court, Bell v. USA, 2008 LEXIS 7449 (10/14/08)</u>
	(2) Result and date of result: certiorari denied. 10/14/2008
	(3) Grounds raised (list each):
	(a) whether conviction for health care fraud must be reversed because
	a Medicare/Medicaid certification is not money or property ?
	(b) Whether the conviction for making false statements to conceal
	allegely substandard medical care must be reversed because there is no clear evidence of what constitutes substandard medical care 2 (c) Whether 3d Circuit decision regarding alleged Brady violation
	conflicts with decisions of this court and other courts regarding the
	government's obligation to disclose impeachment ovidence in the possession of law enforcement?

			are pending.		
		(d)	· ·		<del></del>
				unlawfully. Summarize gle page only behind page	e 6.
c s	parred from preser conclusions, in sup specific facts that s	nting additional groun oport of your grounds	ds at a later date. You to be at a later date. You be arguments and comments are comments are comments and comments are comments.	s petition, you may be ou must state facts, not te law. Just state the citation to cases or law	
deprike shir extra charge care states states states states serve	My Fifth Ame a GROUND ONE which charge rivation of to be and kick be and kick be and trial stands of retromation of the first of the fi	I am actually dascheme to de he right to hone acks and without e convictions for twined with the health care rategy, false so tive misjoinder ase involves a colation of 18U. Led after the fave relied on infraud statutes he lineage of that the Skill care fraud not	due process he innocent of Clefraud based of the services we tan allegation for making false conviction for statement conviction for S.C. 1347. The federal mail and interpretations to interpretations the health care ing decision dinvolving brib	count 1 of the interpretation and theory of without an allegation of a fiduciary of the estatements were realth care frould have significations must be realth care frought and state of the bank frought the health care frought the health care frought the health care frought the state of the bank frought the health care from the health car	tion of relation o
- 1:	o. GROUND TWO	<b>)</b> :			
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- -					
- - S	Supporting facts:				
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Case 4:10-cv-00928-A Document 1 Filed 12/07/10 Page 5 of 12 PageID 5 Ihave also filed an application for certificate of appealability

in the U.S. Court of Appelas (C.A. 10-2701) following denial of

Because the convictions for making false statements were inextricably intertwined with the conviction for health care fraud, and the elimination of the health care fraud count would have significantly changed the trial strategy, the false statements must be reversed on grounds of "retroactive misjoinder". Without the health care fraud count, the false statements were not material, and therefore, not criminal. As such, all of Martha Bell's convictions must be reversed.

The absence of evidence of overbilling combined with the jury instructions indicate that Ms. Bell was convicted on a theory of deprivation of the right to honest services:

A scheme or artifice to defraud includes a scheme to deprive another person of tangible, as well as intangible property rights. Intangible property rights means anything valued or considered to be a source of wealth, including, for example, the right to honest services and the right to decide how one's money is spent. [Transcript of Jury Instructions at page 26].

The facts suggest that Ms. Bell was convicted on an honest services theory because there was no other viable theory. There was no evidence that she defrauded Medicare/Medicaid of money or property. The Government's audit established that Atrium and Ms. Bell under-billed Medicare/Medicaid for services provided. There is no case law indicating that a Medicare/Medicaid certification is money or property in the hands of the victim. There was no evidence that Medicare/Medicaid sustained any losses whatsoever

In this case, the government's audit failed to reveal overbilling for services. As a result, the government's theory of the case changed from a scheme to defraud Medicare/Medicaid of the right to honest services. The Government's only viable theory was deprivation of honest services, which is no longer criminal.

The cases cited in the attached Memorandum of Law demonstrate that Mr. Bell is entitled to relief because mail fraud convictions could not be based on a theory of honest services absent bribes or kickbacks.

Because the convictions for making false statements were inextricably intertwined with the conviction for health care fraud, and the elimination of the health care fraud count would have significantly changed the trial strategy, the false statements must be reversed on grounds of "retroactive misjoinder."

Ms. Bell preserved these claim(s) by challenging the sufficiency of the evidence on direct appeal, and by attacking the convictions in the 2255 motion albeit on a range of theories including, but not limited to the failure on the part of the government to prove that Martha Bell engaged in a scheme to defraud a health care benefit plan of money or property because a Medicare/Medicaid certification is not money

Without having the benefit of *Skilling v. United States*, 2010 U.S. Lexis 5269 (6/24/10), which decriminalized honest services fraud unless it involved bribery or kickbacks, the district court denied the 2255 motion. Ms. Bell has filed an application for COA which is pending in the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit. Ms. Bell also filed a motion for bail, which is also pending. In response to the bail motion, the Government has taken the position that Ms. Bell must raise her **Skilling** claim in a 2241 petition in the Northern District of Texas. See Exhibit to Attached Memorandum of Law.

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a CDOUND TUDEE.			
c. GROUND THREE:			
Supporting facts:			
		-	
d. GROUND FOUR:	 		
•			
Supporting facts:			
			<u>, ,</u>

1	elief sought in this petition: vacate my conviction and sentence on all counts.
H pe	Tave you filed a previous application or petition for habeas corpus or any other application, etition or motion with respect to the grounds raised in this petition?
	☑ Yes □ No
	Tyour answer to Question No. 12 is yes, give the following information as to each previous pplication, petition, or motion:
	a. (1) Name of court and docket or case number: United States District Court, Wester
	District of Pennsylvania, 09-civil-739 [04-cr-212-1]
	(2) Result and date of result: 2255 motion denied without a hearing
	(3) Grounds raised (list each):
	(a) violation of 6th Amendment right to effective assistance of couns
	for failure to object to testimony of Mark Irwin; failure to request a
	(b) Ratzlaff instruction; failure to object to two-inference instruction
	and instruction on credibility; failure to object to honest services
	(c) instruction; failure to object to inclusion of reckless indifference;
	appellate counsel was ineffective for failure to appeal erroneous jury
	(d) instructions. Violation of due process indictment charged schem
	to defraud based on theory of deprivation of right to honest services
	xkx/x). Name of court and docket or case numbers without an allegation of bribes and
	kickbacks and without an allegation of a fiduciary relationship; the jury instru
	(2) Rosult and date of results amended the indictment to conform to the proof at t
	x(8)x&romndsxxxiseck(kixtx=astx)x
	the conviction for Medicare/Medicaid fraud must be reversed
	because it was based on the theory that false statements were made to

	maintain Medicare/Medicaid certification, but this was not the
	theory of liability charged in the indictment
	(c)
	(d)
a motion and it was ineffective to test th	whether you have filed a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255, and if you filed such s denied, state why your remedy by way of such motion is inadequate or he legality of your detention.  der 28 U.S.C. Section 2255 and an application for certificate of appealability
	he United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit. In response to a bail mo
	o the application for certificate of appealability, the Government claims that
	must be raised in a petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. See
2241. If the Govern	nment is correct, 28 U.S.C. Section 2255 is inadequate and ineffective to test
the legality of my d	detention.
Are you presently re	represented by counsel?
Ring Road, Chadds	s Ford, PA 19317 484-771-2000
If you are seeking le	leave to proceed in forma pauperis, have you completed an application setting
forth required infor	

Wherefore, Petitioner prays that the Court gran	t him the relief to which he may be entitled.
	Cheetpleon
	Signature of Attorney (if any)
	Cheryl J. Sturm, Attorney at Law
	387 Ring Road
	Chadds Ford, PA 19317
Executed (signed) on	<u>O<sub>1</sub> 2010</u> (date).
	Martha Bell Signature of Petitioner (required)
Petitioner's current address:	e distribution (required)
Martha Bell	
Register No. 08236-068	
FMC Carswell, P.O. Box 27137	·
Ft. Worth, Texas 76127	

Voc. c. 19.10-cv-0090s, culsocument Nos, cust 2/07/10 Vog. cust of 12 Prosy cust

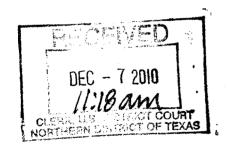
CHERYL J. STURM Attorney At Law 387 Ring Road Chadds Ford, PA 19317

> Clerk of the Court United States District Court Northern District of Texas 501 West 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Room 310 Ft. Worth, Texas 76102



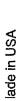


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